COUNTY OF COLUSA ARBUCKLE, CALIFORNIA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

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James Marta & Company LLP Certified Public Accountants

Accounting, Auditing, Consulting and Tax

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees Pierce Joint Unified School District Arbuckle, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Pierce Joint Unified School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Pierce Joint Unified School District (the "District"), as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual - General Fund, Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Pension Contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information as listed in the table of contents, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

James Marta + Company LLP

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 8, 2017 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

James Marta & Company LLP

Certified Public Accountants

Sacramento, California

November 8, 2017

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2017

The following discussion and analysis provides an overview of the financial position and activities of the Pierce Joint Unified School District (the "District") for the year ended June 30, 2017. This discussion has been prepared by management and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto which follow this section.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Financial Statements

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the District and its component units using the integrated approach as prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34.

The *Government-Wide Financial Statements* present the financial picture of the District from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. These statements include all assets of the District (including capital assets), as well as all liabilities (including long-term obligations). Additionally, certain eliminations have occurred as prescribed by the statement in regards to interfund activity, payables, and receivables.

The *Fund Financial Statements* include statements for each of the two categories of activities: governmental and fiduciary.

The Governmental Activities are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting.

The Fiduciary Activities only report a balance sheet and do not have a measurement focus.

Reconciliation of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-Wide Financial Statements is provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach.

The Primary unit of the government is the Pierce Joint Unified School District.

DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities* report information about the District as a whole and about its activities. These statements include all assets and liabilities of the District using the accrual basis of accounting which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken in to account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. Net position is the difference between assets and liabilities, which is one way to measure the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its *financial health* is improving or deteriorating. Other factors to consider are changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2017

The relationship between revenues and expenses is the District's *operating results*. Since the governing board's responsibility is to provide services to our students and not to generate profit as commercial entities do, one must consider other factors when evaluating the overall health of the District. The quality of the education and the safety of our schools will likely be an important component in this evaluation.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the District activities are reported as follows:

Governmental Activities - The District reports all of its services in this category. This includes the education of transitional kindergarten through grade twelve students, adult education students, the operation of child development activities, and the on-going effort to improve and maintain buildings and sites. Property taxes, State income taxes, user fees, interest income, Federal, State, and local grants, as well as general obligation bonds, finance these activities.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds -not the District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money that it receives from the U.S. Department of Education.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measure cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic service it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation following each governmental fund financial statement.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2017

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The District's combined net position, as of June 30, 2017, was \$5,682,704 reflecting a decrease of 0.2%.

Table 1 – Net Position

	Governmental Activities					
		2017		2016	N	let Change
Assets	'	_		_		
Current and other assets	\$	17,844,470	\$	10,191,202	\$	7,653,268
Capital assets		10,829,075		10,315,264		513,811
Total Assets		28,673,545		20,506,466		8,167,079
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred loss on refunding of bonds		18,390		24,302		(5,912)
Deferred outflows on pensions		3,201,968		1,641,593		1,560,375
Total Deferred Outflows		3,220,358		1,665,895		1,554,463
Liabilities						
Current liabilites		731,064		679,229		51,835
Long-term obligations		24,514,003		15,115,444		9,398,559
Total Liabilites		25,245,067		15,794,673		9,450,394
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred bond premium revenue		556,234		-		556,234
Deferred inflows on pensions		409,898		685,077		(275,179)
Total Deferred Outflows		966,132		685,077		281,055
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets		5,702,823		5,250,625		452,198
Restricted		8,769,796		1,389,859		7,379,937
Unrestricted		(8,789,915)		(947,873)		(7,842,042)
Total Net Position	\$	5,682,704	\$	5,692,611	\$	(9,907)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2017

Change in Net Position

The District's total revenues increased 3.1% to \$17,819,161. The total cost of all programs and services increased 20.5% to \$17,829,068. The District's expenses are predominantly related to educating and caring for students (70.6%). The purely administrative activities of the District accounted for 7.8% of total costs.

Table 2 – Change in Net Position

	Governmenta 1 Activities					
		2017		2016	N	let Change
Revenues				_		
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	297,600	\$	255,149	\$	42,451
Operating grants and contributions		2,471,241		1,825,346		645,895
General revenues:						
Federal and State aid not restricted		10,539,745		10,499,000		40,745
Property taxes		4,242,557		3,950,033		292,524
Other general revenues		268,018		750,988		(482,970)
Total Revenues		17,819,161		17,280,516		538,645
Expenses		_		_		_
Instruction-related		11,017,303		8,998,208		2,019,095
Student support services		1,570,823		1,356,288		214,535
Administration		1,388,168		1,078,725		309,443
Maintenance and operations		1,894,137		1,644,522		249,615
Other		1,958,637		1,723,799		234,838
Total Expenses		17,829,068		14,801,542		3,027,526
Change in Net Position	\$	(9,907)	\$	2,478,974	\$	(2,488,881)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2017

Governmental Activities

As reported in the Statement of Activities, the cost of all of our governmental activities was \$17,829,068 and \$14,801,542 for June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

The Statement of Activities reflects the net cost of each of the District's largest functions - instruction, student support, administration, maintenance and operations, and other costs. Included in this table are each program's net costs (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). As discussed above, net cost shows the financial burden placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed the school year, the governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$17,178,948 which is an increase of \$7,655,752 from last year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District's budget is prepared in accordance with California law and is based on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Over the course of the year, the District revises its budget based on updated financial information. The original budget, approved at the end of June for July 1, is based on May Revise figures and updated 45 days after the State approves its final budget. In addition, the District revises its budget at First and Second Interim and any other time there are significant changes.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

Capital assets, net of depreciation, increased \$513,811 in fiscal year 2016-17, as acquisitions and improvements grew at a higher rate than accumulated depreciation.

Long-Term Liabilities

Total long-term liabilities increased \$9,398,559 in fiscal year 2016-17. This was mainly due to the district issuing \$7,000,000 of General Obligation bonds, increases in Net Pension Liability of \$2,676,832, and Accreted Interest Liability of \$208,848. General Obligation Bond Liability decreased by \$425,000.

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the financial presentation and contain more detailed information as to interest, principal, retirement amounts, and future debt retirement dates.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

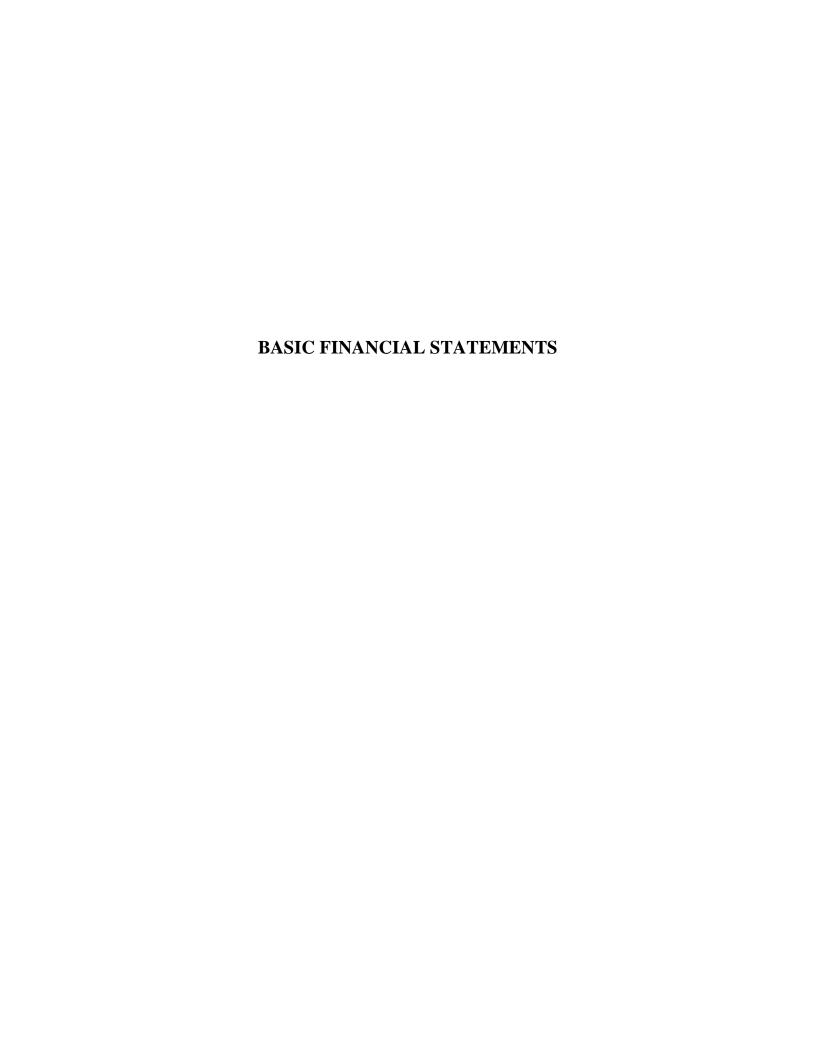
JUNE 30, 2017

ECONOMIC FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

- Student enrollment and attendance are primary factors in the computation of most funding formulas for public schools in the State of California. Enrollment is expected to decrease slightly in fiscal year 2017-18.
- The future predictions require management to plan carefully and prudently to provide the resources to meet student needs over the next several years.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, parents, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions regarding this report or need additional financial information, contact the: District Office, Pierce Joint Unified School District, 540-A 6th Street, Arbuckle, California 95912.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17,085,772
Receivables	733,215
Prepaid expenses	25,483
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	10,829,075
Total Assets	28,673,545
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	
Deferred loss on refunding of bonds	18,390
Deferred outflows on pensions (note 6)	3,201,968
Total deferred outflows	3,220,358
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	665,818
Unearned revenue	65,246
Long-term liabilities:	
Due within one year	468,839
Due in more than one year	24,045,164
Total Liabilities	25,245,067
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred bond premium revenue	556,234
Deferred inflows on pensions (note 6)	409,898
Total deferred inflows	966,132
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	5,702,823
Restricted	8,769,796
Unrestricted	(8,789,915
Total Net Position	\$ 5,682,704

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

			Program Revenu	ies	Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities					
Instruction	\$ 9,714,612	\$ 161,547	\$ 1,760,633	\$ -	\$ (7,792,432)
Instructional library, media and					
technology	65,423	-	24,125	-	(41,298)
School site administration	1,237,268	1,432	34,011	-	(1,201,825)
Pupil Services:					
Home-to-school transportation	438,350	-	10,168	-	(428,182)
Food services	717,691	132,729	533,636	-	(51,326)
All other pupil services	414,782	-	14,521	-	(400,261)
General administration:					
Centralized data processing	283,566	-	-	-	(283,566)
All other general administration	1,104,602	-	55,809	-	(1,048,793)
Plant services	1,894,137	304	32,527	-	(1,861,306)
Ancillary services	214,093	1,588	5,762	-	(206,743)
Community services	11,081	-	49	-	(11,032)
Enterprise activities	3,242	-	-	-	(3,242)
Interest on long-term debt	81,357	-	-	-	(81,357)
Other outgo	948,468	-	-	-	(948,468)
Depreciation (unallocated)	700,396				(700,396)
Total governmental activities	\$ 17,829,068	\$ 297,600	\$ 2,471,241	\$ -	(15,060,227)
	General Revenues Taxes and subve				
	Taxes levied for		oses		3,778,216
	Taxes levied for				464,348
	Taxes levied for	or other specific	c purposes		(7)
	Federal and state	aid not restric	ted to specific purp	ooses	10,539,745
	Interest and inve	stment earning	S		38,920
	Interagency reve	nues			15,104
	Miscellaneous				213,994
		Total General	Revenues		15,050,320
		Change in Ne	et Position		(9,907)
		Net Position -			5,692,611
			June 30, 2017		\$ 5,682,704

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	 General Fund	 Building Fund	Capital ilities Fund	N	All on-Major Funds	 Total
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Due from other funds Prepaid expenses	\$ 7,631,079 650,779 55,817 25,483	\$ 6,723,837 7,511 16,740	\$ 1,096,773 1,921 - -	\$	1,634,083 73,004 - -	\$ 17,085,772 733,215 72,557 25,483
Total Assets	\$ 8,363,158	\$ 6,748,088	\$ 1,098,694	\$	1,707,087	\$ 17,917,027
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$ 404,727	\$ 25,853	\$ 120,407	\$	49,289	\$ 600,276
Due to other funds	-	-	16,740		55,817	72,557
Unearned revenue	 65,246	 	 			 65,246
Total Liabilities	 469,973	 25,853	 137,147		105,106	 738,079
Fund balances						
Nonspendable	45,483	-	-		-	45,483
Restricted	469,601	6,722,235	-		1,577,960	8,769,796
Assigned	1,053	-	961,547		24,021	986,621
Unassigned	 7,377,048	 	 			 7,377,048
Total Fund Balances	 7,893,185	 6,722,235	 961,547		1,601,981	 17,178,948
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 8,363,158	\$ 6,748,088	\$ 1,098,694	\$	1,707,087	\$ 17,917,027

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$ 17,178,948
Amounts reported for assets and liabilities for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:		
Capital assets: In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net position, all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated depreciation.		
Capital assets at historical cost:	\$ 23,121,051	
Accumulated depreciation:	(12,291,976)	
Net:		10,829,075
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions: In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pension are reported.		
Deferred outflows of resources relating to pensions		3,201,968
Deferred inflows of resources relating to pensions		(409,898)
Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred.		(65,542)
Unamortized costs: In governmental funds, debt issue costs and premiums are recognized in the period they are incurred. In the government-wide statements, debt issue costs and premiums are amortized over the life of the debt. Unamortized debt issue costs and premiums included in deferred inflows and outflows on the statement of		
Unamortized portion of bond premiums		(556,234)
Unamortized portion of loss on refunding of bonds		18,390
Long-term liabilities: In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of:		
General obligation bonds payable:	\$ (11,848,487)	
Net pension liability	(12,566,596)	
Supplemental employee retirement plan	(53,990)	
Compensated absences payable	(44,930)	
		 (24,514,003)
Total net position, governmental activities:		\$ 5,682,704

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	General Fund	Building Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	All Non-Major Funds	Total
REVENUES					
LCFF sources	\$ 13,708,925	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,708,925
Federal revenue	477,963	-	-	495,886	973,849
Other state revenues	1,993,098	-	-	38,369	2,031,467
Other local revenues	423,055	7,511	70,719	603,644	1,104,929
Total revenues	16,603,041	7,511	70,719	1,137,899	17,819,170
EXPENDITURES					
Certificated salaries	6,563,938	-	-	-	6,563,938
Classified salaries	1,836,784	-	-	305,308	2,142,092
Employee benefits	2,924,823	-	-	111,938	3,036,761
Books and supplies	1,370,233	-	1,427	251,423	1,623,083
Services and other operating expenditures	1,572,877	228,813	161,203	16,724	1,979,617
Capital outlay	732,773	56,463	173,999	173,573	1,136,808
Other outgo	791,227	-	-	-	791,227
Debt service expenditures				449,323	449,323
Total expenditures	15,792,655	285,276	336,629	1,308,289	17,722,849
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	810,386	(277,765)	(265,910)	(170,390)	96,321
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES Proceeds from Sale of Bonds Other sources	S) - -	7,000,000	<u>-</u>	559,431	7,000,000 559,431
Total other financing sources (uses)		7,000,000		559,431	7,559,431
Net change in fund balances	810,386	6,722,235	(265,910)	389,041	7,655,752
Fund balances, July 1, 2016	7,082,799		1,227,457	1,212,940	9,523,196
Fund balances, June 30, 2017	\$ 7,893,185	\$ 6,722,235	\$ 961,547	\$ 1,601,981	\$ 17,178,948

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds:		\$ 7,655,752
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:		
Capital outlay: In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense for the period is:		
Expenditures for capital outlay: Depreciation expense:	\$ 1,214,207 (700,396)	513,811
Debt service: In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:		425,000
Debt proceeds: In governmental funds, proceeds from debt are recognized as Other Financing Sources. In the government-wide statements, proceeds from debt are reported as increases to liabilities. Amounts recognized in governmental funds as proceeds from debt were:		(7,000,000)
Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds is recognized as an expense in the government-wide statement of activities.		(208,848)
Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the prior period was:		(54,319)
Supplemental Employee Retirement Plan (SERP): In governmental funds, SERP costs are recognized when employer payments are made. In the statement of activities, SERP costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between SERP costs and actual employer payments was:		51,607
Pensions: In government funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made in the statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and actual employer contributions was:		(841,278)
Compensated absences in governmental funds are measured by the amounts paid during the period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned. The difference between compensated absences paid and compensated absences earned was:		10,514
Amortization of debt issue premium or discount or deferred gain or loss from refunding: In governmental funds, if debt is issued at a premium or at a discount, the premium or discount is recognized as an Other Financing Source or an Other Financing Use in the period it is incurred. In the government-wide statements, the premium or discount plus any deferred gain or loss from debt refunding is amortized as interest over the life of the debt. Amortization of premium		
or discount or deferred gain or loss from debt refunding for the period is:		(562,146)
Total change in net position - governmental activities		\$ (9,907)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

	-	ency Fund dent Body
Assets: Cash on hand and in banks	\$	119,126
Total Assets	\$	119,126
Liabilities: Due to student groups		119,126
Total Liabilities	\$	119,126

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. HISTORY OF THE ORGANIZATION

The Pierce Joint Unified School District (the "District") is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of California. It is governed by a five member Governing Board elected by registered voters of the District, which comprises an area in Colusa County. The District serves students in grades kindergarten through twelfth.

B. REPORTING ENTITY

The District has reviewed criteria to determine whether other entities with activities that benefit the District should be included within its financial reporting entity. The criteria include, but are not limited to, whether the entity exercises oversight responsibility (which includes financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters), the scope of public service, and a special financing relationship.

The District has determined that no outside entity meets the above criteria, and therefore, no agency has been included as a component unit in the District's financial statements. In addition, the District is not aware of any entity that would exercise such oversight responsibility that would result in the District being considered a component unit of that entity.

C. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The District prepares its financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) and complies with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*.

D. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District and its component units. The effect of interfund activity, within the governmental activities, has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

D. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (CONTINUED)

Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by a program, as well as grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major governmental fund is presented in a separate column, and all non-major funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

E. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements are met. Expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements (i.e., balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances) are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, "available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

E. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (CONTINUED)

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are to be used, or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

F. FUND ACCOUNTING

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity or retained earnings, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. District resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Governmental Funds

The **General Fund** is the general operating fund of the District and accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the District, not encompassed within other funds. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures and the capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

The **Special Revenue Funds** are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The **Cafeteria Fund** is used to account separately for federal, state, and local resources to operate the food service program.

The **Debt Service Funds** are used to account for the accumulation of restricted, committed, or assigned resources for the payment of principal and interest on general long-term obligations.

The **Bond Interest and Redemption Fund** is used for the repayment of bonds issued for a district (Education Code Sections 15125-15262).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

F. FUND ACCOUNTING (CONTINUED)

The **Capital Projects Funds** are used to account for resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment. This classification includes the Capital Facilities Fund.

The **Building Fund** is used primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (Education Code Section 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued.

The **Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects** is used primarily to provide for the accumulation of General Fund moneys for capital outlay purposes (Education Code section 42840).

The **Capital Facilities Fund** is used primarily to account separately for moneys received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (Education Code sections 17620–17626).

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of other parties in a trustee or agent capacity. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. Fiduciary funds are presented on an economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, similar to the government-wide financial statements. The key distinction between trust and agency funds is that trust funds are subject to a trust agreement that affects the degree of management involvement and the length of time that the resources are held.

The **Agency Funds** are used to account for assets of others for which the District acts as an agent. The District maintains accounts for student body activities at each school site.

G. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for all governmental funds. By State law, the District's Governing Board must adopt a final budget no later than July 1. A public hearing must be conducted to receive comments prior to adoption. The District's Governing Board satisfied these requirements.

These budgets are revised by the District's Governing Board and Superintendent during the year to give consideration to unanticipated income and expenditures.

Formal budgetary integration was employed as a management control device during the year for all budgeted funds. The District employs budget control by minor object and by individual appropriation accounts. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations by major object account.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

H. ENCUMBRANCES

Encumbrance accounting is used in all budgeted funds to reserve portions of applicable appropriations for which commitments have been made. Encumbrances are recorded for purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments when they are written. Encumbrances are liquidated when the commitments are paid. All encumbrances are liquidated at June 30.

I. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The District is authorized to maintain cash in banks and revolving funds that are insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer (Education Code Section 41001). The County is authorized to deposit cash and invest excess funds by California Government Code Section 53648 et seq.

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the State; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered State warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies; certificates of participation; obligations with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage obligations.

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost.

J. PREPAID EXPENSES/EXPENDITURES

The District has the option of reporting expenditures in governmental funds for prepaid items either when purchased or during the benefiting period. The District has chosen to recognize expenditures when incurred. Reported expenses are equally offset by a net position reserve, which indicates that these amounts are not "available for appropriation and expenditure" even though they are a component of current assets.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

K. INVENTORY

Inventory in the Cafeteria Fund consists mainly of consumable supplies held for future use and are valued at average cost. Inventories are recorded as expenditures at the time individual inventory items are transferred from the warehouse to schools. Maintenance and other supplies held for physical plant repair, transportation supplies, and operating supplies are not included in inventories; rather, these amounts are recorded as expenditures when purchased.

The Cafeteria Fund records supplies expense which includes a handling charge for the delivery of government surplus food commodities. The state does not require the Cafeteria Fund to record the fair market value of these commodities. The supplies expenditures would have been greater had the District paid fair market value for the government surplus commodities.

L. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the asset's lives are not capitalized, but are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all capital assets is computed using a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives as follows: buildings and improvements, 5 to 50 years; furniture and equipment, 2 to 15 years; and vehicles, 8 years.

M. UNEARNED REVENUE

Cash received for federal and state special projects and programs is recognized as revenue to the extent that qualified expenditures have been incurred. Unearned revenue is recorded to the extent that cash received on specific projects and programs exceeds qualified expenditures.

N. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken, since such benefits do not vest, nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

O. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the governmental funds.

However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, special termination benefits, and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, capital leases, and other long-term obligations are recognized as liabilities in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

P. DEFERRED INFLOWS AND OUTLFOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of net position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s), and as such will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and as such, will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Q. RESTRICTED NET POSITION

Restrictions of the ending net position indicate the portions of net position not appropriate for expenditure or amounts legally segregated for specific future use. These amounts are not available for appropriation and expenditure at the balance sheet date.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then, unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

R. FUND BALANCE

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions", the District is required to report fund balances in the following categories: Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned and/or Unassigned.

Nonspendable Fund Balance reflects assets not in spendable form, either because they will never convert to cash (e.g. prepaid expense) or must remain intact pursuant to legal or contractual requirements.

Restricted Fund Balance reflects amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance reflects amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority: the Board of Trustees. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions approved by the Board of Trustees.

Assigned Fund Balance reflects amounts intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Under the District's adopted policy, only the Board of Trustees is authorized to assign amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned Fund Balance represents the residual classification for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes of which restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first, followed by committed, assigned and unassigned, respectively.

S. LOCAL CONTROL FUNDING FORMULA/PROPERTY TAX

The District's local control funding formula is received from a combination of local property taxes, state apportionments, and other local sources.

The County of Colusa is responsible for assessing, collecting and apportioning property taxes. Taxes are levied for each fiscal year on taxable real and personal property in the county. Taxes are levied for each fiscal year on taxable real and personal property in the county. Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of March 1. Property taxes become delinquent after December 10 and April 10, respectively.

Secured property taxes are recorded as revenue when apportioned, in the fiscal year of the levy. The county apportions secured property tax revenue in accordance with the alternative method of distribution prescribed by Section 4705 of the California Revenue and Taxation Code. This alternate method provides for crediting each applicable fund with its total secured taxes upon completion of the secured tax roll, approximately October 1 of each year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

S. LOCAL CONTROL FUNDING FORMULA/PROPERTY TAX (CONTINUED)

The County Auditor reports the amount of the District's allocated property tax revenue to the California Department of Education. Property taxes are recorded as local control funding formula (LCFF) sources by the District.

The California Department of Education reduces the District's entitlement by the District's local property tax revenue. The balance is paid from the State General Fund, and is known as the state apportionment.

T. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

U. PENSIONS

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Pierce Joint Unified School District's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and California State Teachers Retirement System (CalSTRS) plans (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS and CalSTRS, respectively. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2017 consist of the following:

	Governmental Activities	Fiduciary Activities
Cash in County Treasury Cash on hand and in banks Cash in revolving fund	\$ 17,065,772 - 20,000	\$ - 119,126 -
	\$ 17,085,772	\$ 119,126

A. Cash on Hand and in Banks

Cash on hand and in banks consists of all cash held by the District and all cash maintained in commercial bank accounts owned by the District. Cash balances held in banks are insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation.

B. Cash in Revolving Funds

Cash in revolving fund consists of all cash maintained in commercial bank accounts that are used as revolving funds.

C. Cash in County Treasury

County pool investments consist of District cash held by the Colusa County Treasury that is invested in the county investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the financial statements at amounts that are based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The weighted average maturity of the pool is 371 days. The pool is rated AAA by Standard and Poor's.

Interest Rate Risk. California Government Code Section 53601 limits the District's investments to maturities of five years. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented in the next page is the actual rating as of the year-end for each investment type.

Fair Value Measurements. Investments, including derivative instruments that are not hedging derivatives, are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Recurring fair value measurements are those that Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements require or permit in the statement of net position at the end of each reporting period. Fair value measurements are categorized based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments' fair value measurements at June 30, 2017 are as shown on the following page.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONTINUED)

Description	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
US Agency, Treasury & Municipal Notes (USATM):				
US Treasury Notes:	\$ 2,010,925	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,010,925
LAIF	8,882,360	6,172,487		15,054,847
Total	10,893,285	6,172,487	-	17,065,772

3. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transactions are reported as either loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables, as appropriate, and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as are imbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers.

As of June 30, 2017, the interfund balances were as follows:

	Due From		L	Due To
General Fund	\$	55,817	\$	-
Cafeteria Fund		-		55,817
Building Fund		16,740		-
Capital Facilities Fund		-		16,740
Total	\$	72,557	\$	72,557

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers consist of operating transfers from funds receiving resources to funds through which the resources are to be expended. There were no interfund transfers for the 2016-2017 fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017, was as follows:

			A	dditions	Dec	ductions			
	Balance		and			and		Balance	
	July 1, 2016	<u> </u>	Tr	ansfers	Tra	Transfers		June 30, 2017	
Non-depreciable assets:									
Land	\$ 89,04	2	\$	-	\$	-	\$	89,042	
Work in progress	-			1,034,703				1,034,703	
	89,04	2		1,034,703		-		1,123,745	
Depreciable assets:									
Sites and improvements	801,76	6		-		-		801,766	
Building and improvements	19,200,48	6		-		-		19,200,486	
Furniture and equipment	1,815,55	0		179,504		-		1,995,054	
	21,817,80	2_		179,504				21,997,306	
Totals, at cost	21,906,84	4_		1,214,207		_		23,121,051	
Accumulated depreciation:									
Sites and improvements	(507,09	6)		(27,930)		-		(535,026)	
Building and improvements	(9,729,95	8)		(562,528)		-	((10,292,486)	
Furniture and equipment	(1,354,52	6)		(109,938)		-		(1,464,464)	
	(11,591,58	0)		(700,396)			((12,291,976)	
Depreciable assets, net	10,226,22	2_		(520,892)				9,705,330	
Capital assets, net	\$ 10,315,26	4	\$	513,811	\$		\$	10,829,075	

The entire amount of depreciation expense was unallocated.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

5. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Schedule of Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

A schedule of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2017, is shown below:

	Balance July 1, 2016	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2017	Due Within One Year
	July 1, 2010	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2017	Olic Teal
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 3,076,041	\$ 7,000,000	\$ 425,000	\$ 9,651,041	\$ 445,000
Accreted Interest	1,988,598	208,848	-	2,197,446	-
Compensated Absences	55,444	-	10,514	44,930	-
Supplemental Employee Retirement Plan	105,597	-	51,607	53,990	23,839
Net Pension Liability	9,889,764	2,676,832		12,566,596	
	\$ 15,115,444	\$ 9,885,680	\$ 487,121	\$ 24,514,003	\$ 468,839
Deferred Inflows:					
Unamortized portion of bond premiums	\$ -	\$ 559,431	\$ 3,197	\$ 556,234	
D.C. 10.40					
Deferred Outflows:					
Unamortized portion of loss on refunding of bonds	\$ 24,302	<u> </u>	\$ 5,912	\$ 18,390	

The Bond Interest and Redemption Fund makes payments for the general obligation bonds. The accrued vacation (compensated absences) and the Supplemental Early Retirement Plan (SERP) will be paid by the fund for which the employee works.

General Obligation Bonds

In 2002, the District issued \$1,736,041 of capital appreciation bonds with interest rates between 5.30% and 5.64% that mature in 2028. In September 2011, the District issued \$2,850,000 of refunding bonds to retire 2002 current interest bonds originally issued in the amount of \$4,260,000. The refunding bonds bear interest between 0.65% and 3.00% and are due in annual installments ranging from \$360,000 to \$470,000 through August 2018.

In 2017, the District issued \$7,000,000 of General Obligation bonds with interest rates between 2.0% and 5.0% that mature in 2046.

	Date Of		Maturity	Amount of Original	Outstanding	Issued in Current	Accreted Interest Current	Redeemed Current	Outstanding
Description	Issue	Interest Rates	Date	Issue	July 1, 2016	Year	Year	Year	June 30, 2017
Capital Appreciation Current Interest 2016. Series A	2002 2011 2017	5.30 - 5.64% 0.65 - 3.00% 2.00 - 5.00%	8/1/2027 8/1/2018 8/1/2046	\$ 1,736,041 2,850,000 7,000,000	\$ 3,724,639 1,340,000	\$ - - 7,000,000	\$ 208,848	\$ - 425,000	\$ 3,933,487 915,000 7,000,000
2010, Belles 11	2017	2.00 3.00%	0/1/2010	\$11,586,041	\$ 5,064,639	\$ 7,000,000	\$ 208,848	\$ 425,000	\$ 11,848,487

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

5. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

General Obligation Bonds

The annual requirements to pay off the general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ended				
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	
2018	\$ 445,000	\$ 93,385	\$ 538,385	
2019	895,000	315,673	1,210,673	
2020	477,613	608,750	1,086,363	
2021	210,590	625,373	835,963	
2022	201,343	649,620	850,963	
2023-2027	931,586	3,643,227	4,574,813	
2028-2032	429,909	1,948,304	2,378,213	
2033-2037	925,000	1,367,319	2,292,319	
2038-2042	2,145,000	1,161,600	3,306,600	
2043-2047	2,990,000	572,000	3,562,000	
Totals	\$ 9,651,041	\$ 10,985,251	\$20,636,292	

Supplemental Employee Retirement Program

During fiscal year 2011-12 the District adopted an additional early retirement incentive program. Beginning September 1, 2012 and subject to a lifetime cap of \$40,440, the District will pay up to \$8,088 annually toward a District provided health and welfare benefit plan on behalf of retirees who meet certain criteria. The retiree must be at least 55 years of age and have 5 years of consecutive service within the District immediately preceding his/her retirement. Payment towards the District provided health and welfare benefit package selected by the retiree shall continue until the retiree's death or until the District has paid the total capped amount of \$40,440, whichever comes first. In 2013-14, two new retirees elected to participate in the retirement incentive program. Future estimated payments at June 30, 2017 are as follows:

Year Ended	D: : 1
June 30,	 Principal
2018	\$ 23,839
2019	16,176
2020	8,088
2021	 5,887
Totals	\$ 53,990

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

6. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the State Teachers' Retirement System (STRS), and classified employees are members of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS).

California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, California 95814.

State Teachers' Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the State Teachers' Retirement System (STRS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by STRS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. STRS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the STRS annual financial report may be obtained from the STRS, 7667 Folsom Boulevard, Sacramento, California 95826.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2017, are summarized as follows:

	CalP	ERS	CalSTRS		
	Prior to	On or after	Prior to	On or after	
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013	
Benefit formula	2% @ 55	2% @ 60	2% @60	2% @ 62	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service	
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life	
Retirement age	55	60	60	62	
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	
Required employee contribution rates	7%	6%	10.25%	9.21%	
Required employer contribution rates	13.888%	13.888%	12.58%	12.58%	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

6. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

Contributions

CalPERS

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Pierce Joint Unified School District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

STRS

Required member, employer and state contribution rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and detailed in Teachers' Retirement Law. Contribution rates are expressed as a level percentage of payroll using the entry age normal actuarial cost method.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the contributions recognized as part of pension expense for the Plan were:

	CalPERS		STRS		Total	
Contributions - employer	\$	262,927	\$	794,756	\$	1,057,683
On behalf contributions - state				357,998		357,998
Total	\$	262,927	\$ 1,152,754		\$	1,415,681

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2017, Pierce Joint Unified School District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plans' of:

	Propor	rtionate Share			
	of Net Pension Lia				
CalPERS	\$	3,055,149			
STRS		9,511,447			
Total Net Pension Liability	\$	12,566,596			

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

6. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

Pierce Joint Unified School District's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015 rolled forward to June 30, 2016 using standard update procedures. Pierce Joint Unified School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan as of June 30, 2015 and 2016 was as follows:

	CalPERS	STRS
Proportion - June 30, 2015	0.01492%	0.01142%
Proportion - June 30, 2016	0.01547%	0.01176%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	0.00055%	0.00034%

CTDC

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the District recognized pension expense of \$300,588 and \$540,689 for CalPERS and STRS, respectively. At June 30, 2017, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	CalPERS				STRS			Total				
	Deferred Outflows of Resources				Deferred Outflows of Resources of Resources			red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	262,927	\$	-	\$	1,152,754	\$	-	\$	1,415,681	\$	-
Difference between proportionate share of aggregate employer contributions and actual contributions for 2015-16.		44,227		_		260,415		_		304,642		-
Changes of Assumptions		-		134,492		-		-		-		134,492
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience		159,371		-		-		275,406		159,371		275,406
Change in employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions		80,155		-		523,614		-		603,769		-
Net differences between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments		334,058		-		384,447		-		718,504		-
Total	\$	880,738	\$	134,492	\$	2,321,230	\$	275,406	\$	3,201,968	\$	409,898

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

6. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred (inflows)/outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	CalPERS	STRS	0	Total Deferred utflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2018	\$ 104,921	\$ 149,550	\$	254,471
2019	104,921	149,550		254,471
2020	104,921	149,550		254,471
2021	101,745	149,550		251,295
2022	66,812	149,550		216,361
Thereafter	-	 145,321		145,321
Total	\$ 483,319	\$ 893,071	\$	1,376,389

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	CalPERS	STRS
Valuation Date	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2015
Measurement Date	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost	Entry-Age Normal Cost
Actuarial Assumptions		
Discount Rate	7.65%	7.60%
Inflation	2.75%	3.00%
Payroll Growth Rate	3.00%	3.75%
Projected Salary Increase	Varies by Entry Age and Service	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Investment Rate of Return (1)	7.50%	7.60%
Mortality	Derived using CalPERS'	Derived using STRS'
	Membership Data for all Funds	Membership Data for all Funds

(1) Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

6. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate

CalPERS

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.65% for the Plan. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.65 percent discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.65 percent will be applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained from the CalPERS website under the GASB 68 section.

According to Paragraph 30 of Statement 68, the long-term discount rate should be determined without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The 7.50 percent investment return assumption used in this accounting valuation is net of administrative expenses. Administrative expenses are assumed to be 15 basis points. An investment return excluding administrative expenses would have been 7.65 percent. Using this lower discount rate has resulted in a slightly higher Total Pension Liability and Net Pension Liability. CalPERS checked the materiality threshold for the difference in calculation and did not find it to be a material difference.

CalPERS is scheduled to review all actuarial assumptions as part of its regular Asset Liability Management (ALM) review cycle that is scheduled to be completed in February 2018. Any changes to the discount rate will require Board action and proper stakeholder outreach. For these reasons, CalPERS expects to continue using a discount rate net of administrative expenses for GASB 67 and 68 calculations through at least the 2017-18 fiscal year. CalPERS will continue to check the materiality of the difference in calculation until such time as we have changed our methodology.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

6. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate

CalPERS

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

	CalPERS						
	New	Real Return	Real Return				
	Strategic	Years 1 -	Years				
Asset Class	Allocation	10(a)	11+(b)				
Global Equity	47.0%	5.25%	5.71%				
Global Fixed Income	19.0%	0.99%	2.43%				
Inflation Sensitive	6.0%	0.45%	3.36%				
Private Equity	12.0%	6.83%	6.95%				
Real Estate	11.0%	4.50%	5.13%				
Infrastructure and Forestland	3.0%	4.50%	5.09%				
Liquidity	2.0%	-0.55%	-1.05%				
	100.0%						

- (a) An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period
- (b) An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period

Discount Rate

STRS

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.60 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increase per AB 1469. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.60 percent) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments and administrative expense occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

6. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

	ST	TRS		
	Assumed	Long-Term		
	Asset	Expected		
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of		
Global Equity	47.0%	4.50%		
Private Equity	13.0%	6.20%		
Real Estate	13.0%	4.35%		
Fixed Income	12.0%	0.20%		
Absolute Return/Risk Mitigating Strategies	9.0%	3.20%		
Inflation Sensitive	4.0%	3.20%		
Cash/Liquidity	2.0%	0.00%		
Total	100%			

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

6. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

				CalPERS		
	Discount Rate - 1%		Curr	ent Discount	Disco	unt Rate + 1%
	(6.65%)		Ra	te (7.65%)	(8.65%)	
Plan's Net Pension Liability	\$	4,558,300	\$	3,055,149	\$	1,803,481
				STRS		
	Disco	ount Rate - 1%	Current Discount		Discount Rate + 19	
		(6.60%)		te (7.60%)		(8.60%)
Plan's Net Pension Liability	\$	13,689,118	\$	9,511,447	\$	6,041,717

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS and STRS financial reports.

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2017, the District had no outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plans required for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Social Security

As established by Federal law, all public sector employees who are not members of their employer's existing retirement systems (CalSTRS or CalPERS) must be covered by Social Security or an alternative plan. The District has elected to use Social Security as its alternative plan.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

7. FUND BALANCES

The District reports fund balances in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54. All fund balance categories are reported in the aggregate on the face of the balance sheet. All components of those fund balances and specific purposes are identified as follows:

	General Fund		Building Fund		•		Capital Facilities Fund		•		Non-Major Funds		Total	
Nonspendable:														
Prepaid Expenses	\$	25,483	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	25,483				
Revolving Cash		20,000		-						20,000				
Total Nonspendable		45,483		-		-		-		45,483				
Restricted:														
Ongoing & Major Maintenance Account		98,000		-		-		-		98,000				
College Readiness Block Grant		52,662		-		-		-		52,662				
Child Nutrition: School Programs		-		-		-		70,856		70,856				
California Clean Energy Jobs Act		49,544		-		-		-		49,544				
Lottery: Instructional Materials		144,314		-		-		-		144,314				
Educator Effectiveness		44,104		-		-		-		44,104				
Other Restricted Local		80,977		-		-		-		80,977				
Bond fund balance			6,7	22,235			1,	507,104	8	3,229,339				
Total Restricted		469,601	6,7	22,235			1,	577,960	8	3,769,796				
Assigned:														
Bus Replacement Fund		1,053		-		-		-		1,053				
Facilities Needs		-		-	ç	961,547		-		961,547				
Facilities Reserve		-		_				24,021		24,021				
Total Assigned		1,053			9	961,547		24,021		986,621				
Unassigned:														
Reserve for Economic Uncertainties	7	,377,048				<u>-</u>				7,377,048				
Total Unassigned	7	,377,048								7,377,048				
Total Fund Balances	\$ 7	,893,185	\$ 6,7	22,235	\$ 9	61,547	\$ 1,	601,981	\$17	7,178,948				

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

8. JOINT VENTURES

The District is a member of three joint powers authorities (JPAs). The District pays an annual premium to the entities for their coverage. The relationship between the District, the pools, and the JPAs is such that the JPAs are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

These entities have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements; however, fund transactions between the entities and the District are included in these statements. Audited financial statements are available from the respective entities.

The District is a member of the following joint powers authorities (JPAs):

	Tri-Counties SIG		ties SIG NVSIG			SELF		
	June 30, 2016*		June 30, 2017		June 30, 2017		Ju	ne 30, 2016*
Total Assets	\$	16,130,783	\$	3,274,714	\$	138,820,266		
Deferred Outflows of Resources		60,734				266,414		
Total Liabilities	10,190,026		190,026 1,708,375			117,306,926		
Deferred Inflows of Resources		50,321		-		245,133		
Net Position		5,951,170		1,566,339		21,534,621		
Revenues	\$	52,514,634	\$	13,093,602	\$	13,898,598		
Expenditures		49,578,708		13,136,777		24,553,606		
Change in Net Position	\$	2,935,926	\$	(43,175)	\$	(10,655,008)		

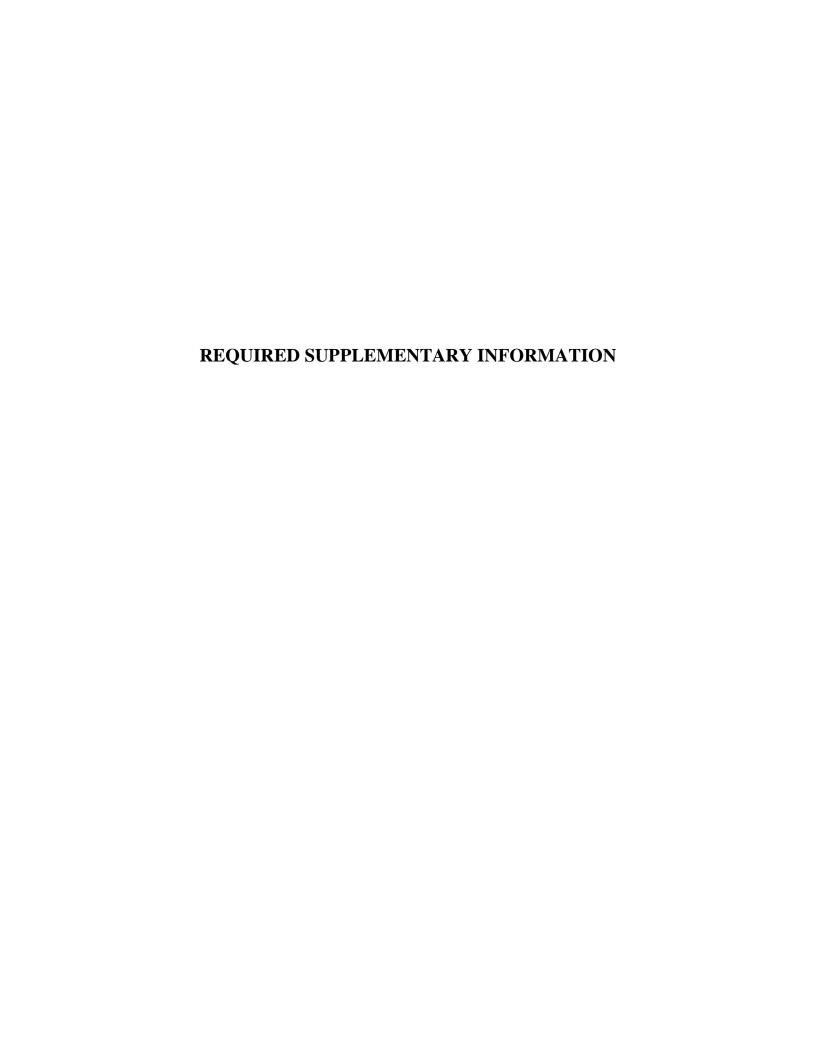
^{*} Latest available audited financial reports.

9. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The District has received state and federal funds for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. If the review or audit discloses exceptions, the District may incur a liability to grantor agencies.

10. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District's management evaluated its June 30, 2017 financial statements for subsequent events through November 8, 2017, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Management is not aware of any subsequent events that would require recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP) AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND

	Bud	lget		Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES				
LCFF sources	\$ 13,645,844	\$ 13,633,263	\$ 13,708,925	\$ 75,662
Federal revenue	348,490	492,685	477,963	(14,722)
Other state revenues	1,207,808	2,075,927	1,993,098	(82,829)
Other local revenues	296,178	455,705	423,055	(32,650)
Total revenues	15,498,320	16,657,580	16,603,041	(54,539)
EXPENDITURES				
Certificated salaries	6,366,422	6,889,928	6,563,938	325,990
Classified salaries	1,733,317	1,874,909	1,836,784	38,125
Employee benefits	2,902,146	3,050,077	2,924,823	125,254
Books and supplies	1,767,474	2,972,854	1,370,233	1,602,621
Services and other operating				
expenditures	1,723,328	2,632,334	1,572,877	1,059,457
Capital outlay	101,905	882,821	732,773	150,048
Other outgo	751,247	806,814	791,227	15,587
Total expenditures	15,345,839	19,109,737	15,792,655	3,317,082
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	152,481	(2,452,157)	810,386	3,262,543
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Operating transfers in	-	-	-	-
Operating transfers out	(39,897)	(7,641)		7,641
Total other financing sources (uses)	(39,897)	(7,641)		7,641
Net change in fund balances	112,584	(2,459,798)	810,386	3,270,184
Fund balances, July 1, 2016	7,082,799	7,082,799	7,082,799	
Fund balances, June 30, 2017	\$ 7,195,383	\$ 4,623,001	\$ 7,893,185	\$ 3,270,184

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

CalPERS						
	Jui	ne 30, 2014	Jur	ne 30, 2015	Jur	ne 30, 2016 (1)
Proportion of the net pension liability		0.01459%		0.01492%		0.01547%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	1,656,641	\$	2,199,655	\$	3,055,149
Covered-employee payroll (2)	\$	1,532,016	\$	1,641,513	\$	1,583,093
Proportionate Share of the net pension liability as						
percentage of covered-employee payroll		108.13%		134.00%		192.99%
Plans fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total						
pension liability		83.38%		79.43%		73.90%
Proportionate share of aggregate employer contributions (3)	\$	175,278	\$	194,470	\$	219,860
STRS						
	Jui	ne 30, 2014	Jur	ne 30, 2015	Jur	ne 30, 2016 (1)
Proportion of the net pension liability		0.01119%		0.01142%		0.01176%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	6,536,592	\$	7,690,109	\$	9,511,447
Covered-employee payroll (2)	\$	4,982,145	\$	4,387,642	\$	4,998,879
Proportionate Share of the net pension liability as						
percentage of covered-employee payroll		131.20%		175.27%		190.27%
Plans fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total						
pension liability		76.52%		74.02%		70.04%
Proportionate share of aggregate employer contributions (3)	\$	411,027	\$	470,794	\$	628,859

 $^{^{(1)}}$ Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable.

⁽²⁾ Covered-Employee Payroll represented above is based on pensionable earnings provided by the employer.

⁽³⁾ The plan's proportionate share of aggregate contributions may not match the actual contributions made by the employer during the measurement period. The plan's proportionate share of aggregate contributions is based on the plan's proportion of fiduciary net position shown on line 5 of the table above as well as any additional side fund (or unfunded liability) contributions made by the employer during the measurement period.

SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

CalPERS						
	Fiscal Y	Fiscal Year 2013-14		Fiscal Year 2014-15		Year 2015-16 (1)
Actuarially Determined Contribution (2)		175,278	\$	194,470	\$	219,860
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions		(173,614)		(220,106)		(262,927)
Contribution deficiencey (excess)		1,664		\$ (25,636)		\$ (43,067)
Covered-employee payroll (3)	\$	1,532,016	\$	1,641,513	\$	1,583,093
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll (3)		11.441%		11.847%		13.888%
STRS						
	Fiscal Y	ear 2013-14	Fiscal	Year 2014-15	Fiscal	l Year 2015-16 (1)
Actuarially Determined Contribution (2)	-	6 411,027	\$	470,794	\$	628,859
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions		(412,131)		(635,416)		(794,756)
Contribution deficiencey (excess)		5 (1,104)		\$ (164,622)		\$ (165,897)
Covered-employee payroll (3)	\$	4,982,145	\$	4,387,642	\$	4,998,879
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll (3)		8.250%		10.730%		12.580%

⁽¹⁾ Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable.

⁽²⁾ Employers are assumed to make contributions equal to the actuarially determined contributions (which is the actuarially determined contribution). However, some employers may choose to make additional contributions towards their side fund or their unfunded liability. Employer contributions for such plans exceed the actuarially determined contributions. CalPERS has determined that employer obligations referred to as "side funds" do not conform to the circumstances described in paragraph 120 of GASB 68, therefore are not considered separately financed specific liabilities.

⁽³⁾ Covered-Employee Payroll represented above is based on pensionable earnings provided by the employer.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

1. PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

A - <u>Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget (Non-GAAP)</u> and Actual - General Fund

The District employs budget control by object codes and by individual appropriation accounts. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The budgets are revised during the year by the Board of Trustees to provide for revised priorities. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations by major object code. The originally adopted and final revised budgets for the General Fund are presented as Required Supplementary Information. The basis of budgeting is the same as GAAP.

B - Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Changes in assumptions

There were no changes in assumptions.

Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only three years are shown.

C - Schedule of Pension Contributions

If an employer's contributions to the plan are actuarially determined or based on statutory or contractual requirements, the employer's actuarially determined contribution to the pension plan (or, if applicable, its statutorily or contractually required contribution), the employer's actual contributions, the difference between the actual and actuarially determined contributions (or statutorily or contractually required), and a ratio of the actual contributions divided by covered-employee payroll.

	CalPERS	STRS
Valuation Date	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2015
Measurement Date	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost	Entry-Age Normal Cost
Actuarial Assumptions		
Discount Rate	7.65%	7.60%
Inflation	2.75%	3.00%
Payroll Growth Rate	3.00%	3.75%
Projected Salary Increase	Varies by Entry Age and Service	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Investment Rate of Return (1)	7.50%	7.60%
Mortality	Derived using CalPERS'	Derived using STRS'
	Membership Data for all Funds	Membership Data for all Funds

(1) Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NON-MAJOR FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2017

	Cafeteria Fund		Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects		Bond Interest and Redemption Fund		Total
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	54,398 72,702	\$	72,581 302	\$	1,507,104	\$ 1,634,083 73,004
Total Assets	\$	127,100	\$	72,883	\$	1,507,104	\$ 1,707,087
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	427	\$	48,862	\$	-	\$ 49,289
Due to other funds		55,817	-				 55,817
Total Liabilities		56,244		48,862			 105,106
Fund balances							
Restricted		70,856		-		1,507,104	1,577,960
Assigned				24,021			24,021
Total Fund Balances		70,856		24,021		1,507,104	 1,601,981
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	127,100	\$	72,883	\$	1,507,104	\$ 1,707,087

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NON-MAJOR FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2017

	Cafeteria Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Total
REVENUES				
Federal revenue	\$ 495,886	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 495,886
Other state revenues	36,938	-	1,431	38,369
Other local revenues	135,069	358	468,217	603,644
Total revenues	667,893	358	469,648	1,137,899
EXPENDITURES				
Classified salaries	305,308	-	-	305,308
Employee benefits	111,938	-	-	111,938
Books and supplies	251,423	-	-	251,423
Services and other operating expenditures	16,724	-	-	16,724
Capital outlay	-	173,573	-	173,573
Debt service expenditures			449,323	449,323
Total expenditures	685,393	173,573	449,323	1,308,289
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(17,500)	(173,215)	20,325	(170,390)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Other sources			559,431	559,431
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	559,431	559,431
Net change in fund balances	(17,500)	(173,215)	579,756	389,041
Fund balances, July 1, 2016	88,356	197,236	927,348	1,212,940
Fund balances, June 30, 2017	\$ 70,856	\$ 24,021	\$ 1,507,104	\$ 1,601,981

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

AGENCY FUNDS

Student Body Funds	_	Balance e 30, 2016	A	dditions	De	eductions	_	Salance 20, 2017
Assets:								
Cash on hand and in banks								
Pierce High	\$	121,325	\$	227,963	\$	259,311	\$	89,977
Cash in county treasury								
Arbuckle Elementary		9,621		6,276		7,409		8,488
Grand Island Elementary		1,122		320		294		1,148
Lloyd G Johnson Junior High		25,430		37,768		43,685		19,513
Total Assets	\$	157,498	\$	272,327	\$	310,699	\$	119,126
Liabilities:								
Due to student groups	\$	157,498	\$	272,327	\$	310,699	\$	119,126
Total Liabilities	\$	157,498	\$	272,327	\$	310,699	\$	119,126

ORGANIZATION

JUNE 30, 2017

The Pierce Joint Unified School District (the District) is located in Arbuckle, California. The District was organized as a unified school district of the State of California and provides public education for grades kindergarten through twelve within Colusa County. There were no changes to the District boundaries in the current year. The District currently operates two elementary schools, one junior high school, one high school, and a continuation high school.

GOVERNING BOARD

Name	Office	Term Expires December
Abel Gomez	President	2020
John Friel	Vice-President	2018
Nadine High	Clerk	2020
George Green	Member	2020
Amy Charter	Member	2018

ADMINISTRATION

Carol Geyer Superintendent

Daena Meras Chief Business Official

SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE

	Second Period Report	Annual Report	Revised Annual Report*
Elementary			
TK-Third	420.44	421.02	421.02
Fourth through Sixth	352.15	352.78	352.78
Seventh through Eighth	218.04	218.56	218.56
Total Elementary	990.63	992.36	992.36
Secondary			
Regular classes	422.77	422.90	422.90
Continuation education	9.79	9.66	9.66
Total Secondary	432.56	432.56	432.56
Total	1,423.19	1,424.92	1,424.92
County Supplement			
Special Education - NPS/LCI	-	0.30	0.30
Special Education - Extended Year	1.58	2.00	2.00
Total County Supplement	1.58	2.30	2.30

^{*} The revisions to the Annual Period of Attendance report were not the result of the audit.

SCHEDULE OF INTRUCTIONAL TIME

Grade Level	Standard Minutes Requirement	2016-17 Actual Minutes	Instructional Days	Status
Kindergarten	36,000	36,000	180	In compliance
Grade 1	50,400	53,675	180	In compliance
Grade 2	50,400	54,025	180	In compliance
Grade 3	50,400	54,025	180	In compliance
Grade 4	54,000	55,645	180	In compliance
Grade 5	54,000	55,645	180	In compliance
Grade 6	54,000	58,125	180	In compliance
Grade 7	54,000	62,590	180	In compliance
Grade 8	54,000	62,590	180	In compliance
Grade 9	64,800	65,064	180	In compliance
Grade 10	64,800	65,064	180	In compliance
Grade 11	64,800	65,064	180	In compliance
Grade 12	64,800	65,064	180	In compliance

SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOLS

	I 1 1 1 1 Division 110
	Included in District Financial Statements,
Charter Schools Chartered by District	or Separate Report
There are currently no charter schools in the District.	

RECONCILIATION OF UNAUDITED ACTUAL FINANCIAL REPORT TO AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

There were no adjustments made to any funds of the District.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Federal Catalog Number	Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Pass- Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	
U.S. Departm	ent of Education			
Passed throu	gh California Department of Education			
84.010	NCLB: Title I, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected	14329	\$	310,401
84.358B	NCLB: Title VI, Part B, Rural & Low Income School Program (aka REAP)	14356		32,151
84.367	NCLB: Title II, Part A, Improving Teacher Quality Local Grants	14341		40,404
84.365	NCLB (ESEA): Title III, Limited English Proficient (LEP) Student Program	14346		60,875
84.048	Carl D. Perkins Career & Technical Education	14894		10,797
	Total U.S. Department of Education			454,628
U.S. Departm	ent of Agriculture			
Passed throu	gh California Department of Education			
10.555	Child Nutrition: School Programs	13391	*	495,886
U.S. Departm	ent of Health and Human Services			
_	gh California Department of Education			
93.778	Medi-Cal Administrative Activities (MAA)	10060		23,335
	Total Federal Programs		\$	973,849

^{*} Tested as a major program.

SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

General Fund and	Adopted Budget 2017/2018	Actuals 2016/2017	Actuals 2015/2016	Actuals 2014/2015
Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay	<u>-</u>			
Revenues and Other Financial Sources	\$ 15,575,287	\$ 16,603,041	\$ 15,924,598	\$ 13,279,679
Expenditures Other Uses and Transfers Out	15,724,893 102,924	15,792,655	13,774,135 450,000	12,329,476
Total Outgo	15,827,817	15,792,655	14,224,135	12,729,476
Change in Fund Balance	(252,530)	810,386	1,700,463	550,203
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 7,640,655	\$ 7,893,185	\$ 7,082,799	\$ 5,382,336
Available Reserves	\$ 7,170,001	\$ 7,377,048	\$ 5,049,283	\$ 5,109,746
Designated for Economic Uncertainties	\$ 7,170,001	\$ 7,377,048	\$ 5,049,283	\$ 5,109,746
Undesignated Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Available Reserves as a Percentage of Total Outgo	45.3%	46.7%	35.5%	40.1%
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ 24,045,164	\$ 24,514,003	\$ 15,115,444	\$ 13,657,253
Average Daily Attendance at P-2	1,419	1,423	1,442	1,393

The general fund and special reserve fund for other than capital outlay fund balance has increased by \$3,061,052 over the past three years. The fiscal year 2017-18 budget projects a decrease of \$252,530. For a District this size, the State of California recommends available reserves of at least 3 percent of total general fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo). The District met this requirement.

The District has incurred an operating surplus in each of the past three fiscal years.

Total long-term liabilities have increased by \$10,865,750 over the past two years due to an increase in the net pension liability and issuance of general obligation bonds.

Average Daily Attendance (ADA) has increased by 30 over the past two years and attendance is budgeted to decrease for the fiscal year 2017-2018.

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

1. Schedule of Average Daily Attendance

Average daily attendance is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes in the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

2. Schedule of Instructional Time

The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of Education Code Sections 46201 through 46206. Districts must maintain their instructional minutes in accordance with the State's standard requirement as required by Education Code Section 46201(b).

The District participated in the Longer Day incentives and met or exceeded its target funding.

3. Schedule of Charter Schools

This schedule provides information for the California Department of Education to monitor financial reporting by Charter Schools.

4. Reconciliation of Unaudited Actual Financial Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides information necessary to reconcile the Unaudited Actual Fund Financial Reports to the audited financial statements.

5. Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes federal grant activity of the County Office and is presented under the modified accrual basis of accounting. Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) requires a disclosure of the financial activities of all federally funded programs. This schedule was prepared to comply with the Uniform Guidance and state requirements. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts used in the preparation of the general purpose financial statements. The District did not elect to use the 10% de minimis cost rate.

6. Schedule of Financial Trends And Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.





James Marta & Company LLP

Certified Public Accountants

Accounting, Auditing, Consulting and Tax

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Board of Trustees Pierce Joint Unified School District Arbuckle, California

We have audited the compliance of Pierce Joint Unified School District (the "District") with the types of compliance requirements described in the State of California's 2016-17 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting (the "Audit Guide") to the state laws and regulations listed below for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Management's Responsibility

Compliance with the requirements of state laws and regulations is the responsibility of District's management.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the 2016-17 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the state laws and regulations listed below occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with those requirements.

	Procedures
Description	Performed
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Independent Study	No, see below
Continuation Education	No, see below
Instructional Time for School Districts	Yes
Instructional Materials	
General Requirements	Yes
Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive Program	No, see below
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	No, see below
Middle or Early College High Schools	No, see below

	Procedures
Description	Performed
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
Mental Health Expenditures	No, see below
Educator Effectiveness	Yes
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	Yes
After Schools Education and Safety Program	
General requirements	Yes
After School	Yes
Before School	No, see below
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Fund	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study-Course Based	No, see below
Immunizations	No, see below
Charter Schools:	
Attendance	No, see below
Mode of Instruction	No, see below
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study	No, see below
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based	No, see below
Instruction	No, see below
Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based	No, see below
Charter School Facility Grant Program	No, see below

We did not perform any procedures related to Independent Study and Continuation Education because these programs were below the materiality threshold for testing.

We did not perform any procedures related to Mental Health Expenditures because there were no expenditures in the current year.

We did not perform any procedures related to Immunizations as the District submitted immunization assessment reports to the California Department of Public Health (CDPH).

We did not perform any procedures related to Early Retirement Incentive Program, Juvenile Court Schools, Middle and Early College High Schools, Independent Study-Course Based and Before School requirements for the After School Education and Safety because the District did not participate in these programs.

We did not perform any procedures related to Contemporaneous Records of Attendance, Mode of Instruction for Charter Schools, Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study for Charter Schools, Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based Instruction for Charter Schools, Annual Instructional Minutes-Classroom-Based for Charter Schools, Charter School Facility Grant Program because the District did not have any charter schools.

Opinion on Compliance with State Laws and Regulations

James Marta + Kompany LLP

In our opinion, Pierce Joint Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the state laws and regulations referred to above for the year ended June 30, 2017.

James Marta & Company LLP Certified Public Accountants

Sacramento, California

November 8, 2017



James Marta & Company LLP Certified Public Accountants

Accounting, Auditing, Consulting and Tax

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees Pierce Joint Unified School District Arbuckle, California

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Pierce Joint Unified School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 8, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency* in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be significant deficiencies: **2017-1**.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Pierce Joint Unified School District's Response to Findings

James Marta + Company LLP

The District's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the district's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the district's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

James Marta & Company LLP Certified Public Accountants

Sacramento, California

November 8, 2017



James Marta & Company LLP Certified Public Accountants

Accounting, Auditing, Consulting and Tax

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees Pierce Joint Unified School District Arbuckle, California

Compliance

We have audited Pierce Joint Unified School District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

James Marta + Kompany LLP

James Marta & Company LLP Certified Public Accountants

Sacramento, California

November 8, 2017



SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Section I – Summary of Audit Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes No None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	YesX No
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	YesX NoYesX None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance Section 200.516(a)?	YesX No
Identification of major programs:	
<u>CFDA Number(s)</u> 10.555	Name of Federal Program or Cluster Child Nutrition Cluster
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X Yes No
State Awards	
Internal control over state programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	YesX NoYesX None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for state programs:	Unmodified

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

2017-1: Internal Control 30000 - Associate Student Body

Criteria:

Education Code Section 48930 (and the California Department of Education's "Accounting Procedures for Student Organizations Handbook") requires student body organizations to follow the regulations set by the Governing Board of the school district.

- The internal controls over the financial reporting of the Associated Student Body (ASB) accounts should include proper documentation, monitoring and overseeing the money used in the organization.
- Documentation of all receipts should be maintained.
- Bank statements should be reconciled to the general ledger balance on a monthly basis.
- Prenumbered receipts should be used in order with supporting documentation maintained
- All deposits should be made to the bank in a timely manner

Condition:

At Pierce High School we noted the following:

- a. Multiple instances of missing documentation.
- b. There was a lack of review between the cash collected and cash deposited on multiple instances.
- c. Bank statements were not reconciled timely.
- d. Pre-numbered receipts were not used for the FFA Christmas tree sales event.
- e. Deposits were not made in a timely manner.

Cause:

The policies and procedures for account and cash handling procedures, as outlined by the District, were not properly implemented by the school site personnel.

Effect:

- a. Activity may go unrecorded or altered without being noticed.
- b. ASB is unable to accurately assess profitability or loss of activities.
- c. ASB unable to determine if the amount recorded in the bank balance is the amount of cash earned by ASB.
- d. Cash may go missing or unrecorded for fundraising activities.
- e. Untimely deposits lead to increased risk of receipts being misplaced or misappropriated.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

2017-1: Internal Control 30000 - Associate Student Body (Continued)

Recommendations:

Bank statements, deposits and reconciliations should be maintained and reviewed for accuracy.

Money collected from specific events should be kept with the supporting documentation and deposited in one deposit.

Management should reconcile the bank statements monthly to determine if any potential errors or irregularities exist.

All receipts should be deposited in a timely manner.

When issuing pre-numbered receipts, ensure that all numbers are accounted for sequentially and accompany the related deposit.

Corrective Action Plan:

Management has implemented new accounting software to account for all ASB transactions and has provided training to all District employees who will be responsible for recordkeeping and oversight of the student body account at Pierce High School.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No matters were reported.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Section IV – State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No matters were reported.

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR RECOMMENDATIONS

Findings and Recommendation	Current Status	Explanation If Not Implemented
2016-1 Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts (40000)	Implemented	
During the audit, the District discovered that one student reported as eligible for FRPM status in the CALPADS 1.17 report was actually "Paid" status according to the AERIES system and to the supporting documentation. Subsequently, the District performed their own audit of 100% of the unduplicated pupil counts as reported on the 1.17 - FRPM/English Learner/Foster Youth - Count report for the school sites and discovered an error with the mapping program to upload the data from the AERIES attendance system into the CALPADS reporting system resulting in 21 students being misreported as FRPM eligible.		
Oversight led to pupils being misclassified on the CALPADS 1.17 report. The effect of this finding is an overstatement of 21 unduplicated pupil counts at the District.		
The fiscal impact is a reduction of LCFF revenues of approximately \$20,582.		
The District should have a process of review in place to ensure the accuracy of the data contained in the CALPADS reports.		